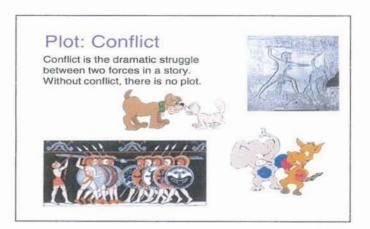
REVIEW STRATEGIES FOR CHARACTER ACTIONS/PLOT 5^{TH} GRADE

Stories begin with the introduction of characters, their relationships with each other, and the kind of persons they are. The PLOT develops from these elements. The characters interact in certain ways with each other, with nature, with society, or with themselves. These interactions create a conflict that must be resolved at the end of the story. This creates the plot: rising action, climax, falling action, resolution. A discussion of these conflicts is illustrated below:



Plot: Character vs. Character Conflict

This type of conflict finds the main character in conflict with another character, human or not human.

"The new one is the most beautiful of all; he is so young and pretty." And the old swans bowed their heads before him.

Then he felt quite ashamed, and hid his head under his wing; for he did not know what to do, he was so happy, and yet not at all proud. He had been persecuted and despised for his ugliness, and now he heard them say he was the most beautiful of all the birds.

The Ugly Duckling by Hans Christian Anderson

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Plot: Character vs. Nature Conflict

This type of conflict finds the main character in conflict with the forces of nature, which serve as the antagonist.

It's a Truffula Seed.
It's the last one of all!
You're in charge of the last of the Truffula Seeds.
And Truffula Trees are what everyone needs.
Plant a new Truffula. Treat it with care.
Give it clean water. And feed it fresh air.
Grow a forest. Protect it from axes that hack.
Then the Lorax
and all of his friends
may come back.

The Lorax by Dr. Seuss

Plot: Character vs. Society Conflict

This type of conflict has the main character in conflict with a larger group: a community, society, culture, etc.

"I'm tired of living in a hole," said Jenny.
"Let's fight for freedom!" cried Bouncer. "We'll be soldiers!
Rough-riding Rowdies! I'll be the general and
commander-in-chief!"

The Island of the Skog by Steven Kellogg

Plot: Character vs. Nature Conflict

This type of conflict finds the main character in conflict with the forces of nature, which serve as the antagonist.

It's a Truffula Seed.
It's the last one of all!

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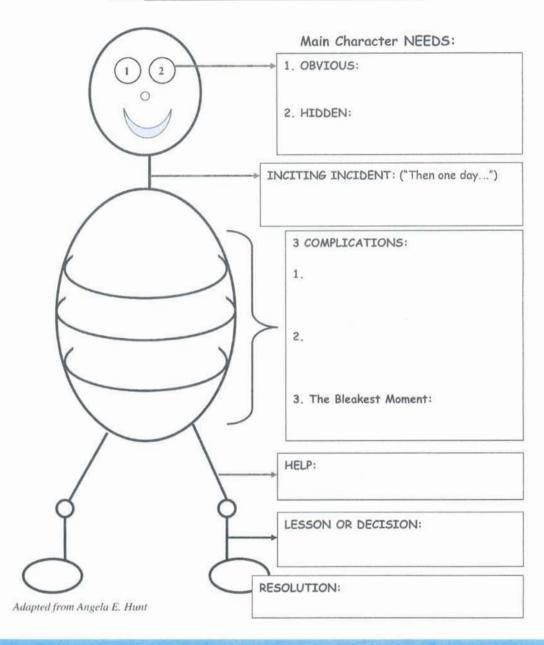
The Lorax by Dr. Seuss

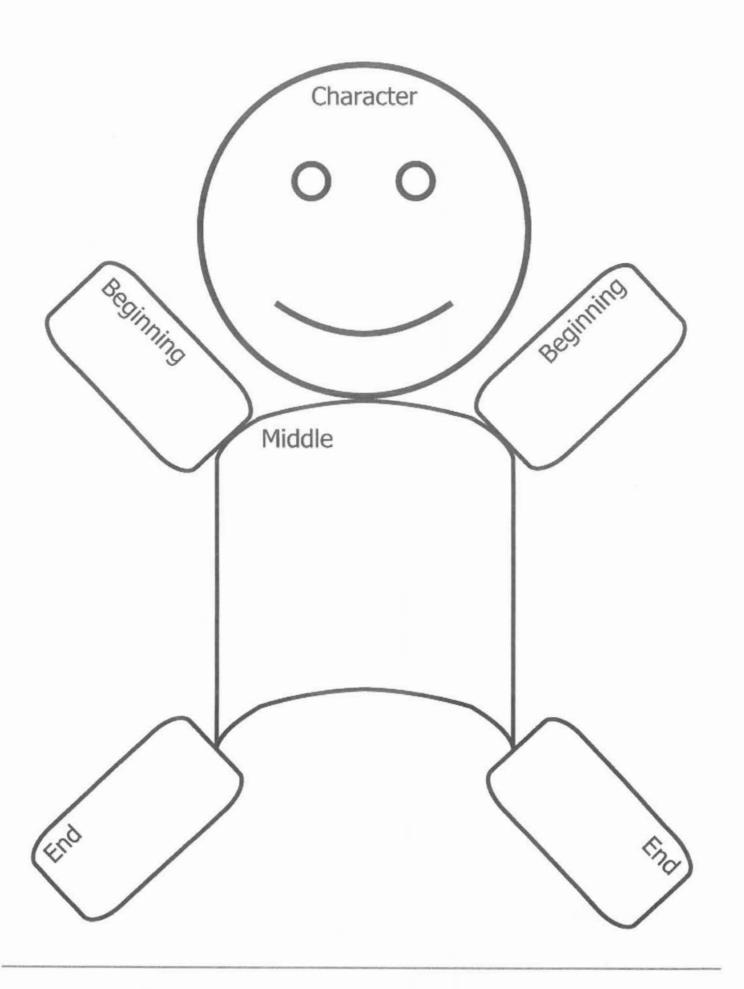
Without these characters and their conflicts, there is no plot; therefore, no story.



Plot Skeleton

Name:





Graphic Organizer: Problem and Solution Diagram

Character_ **Problem & Solution Diagram Problem** Goal Event #2 Event #3 Event #1 Resolution



* Character Frame **

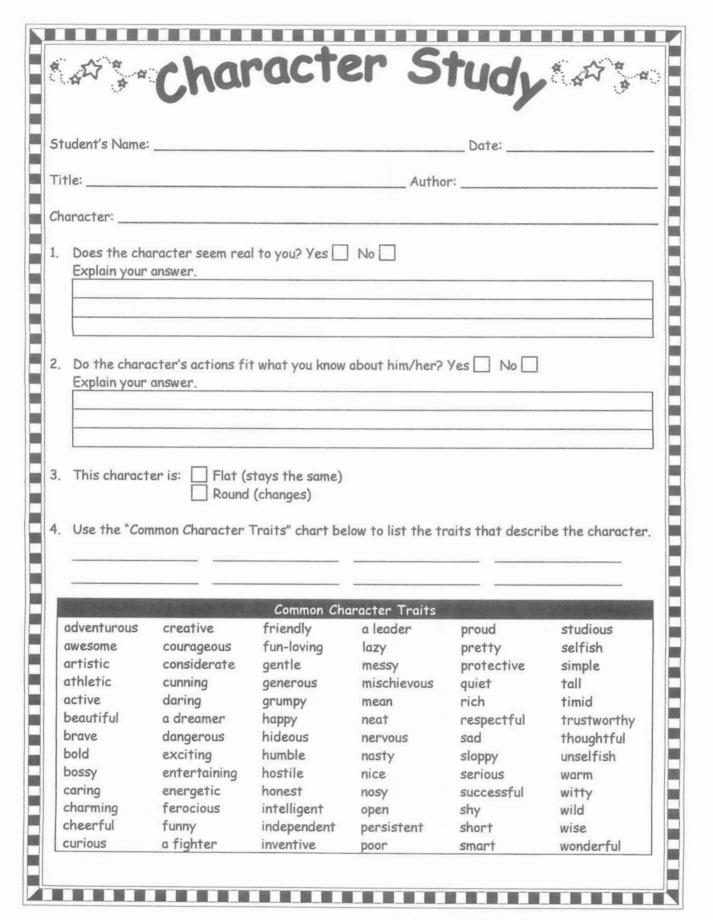


Student's Name:	

Directions: Use the following character frame to study the characters from your reading selection.

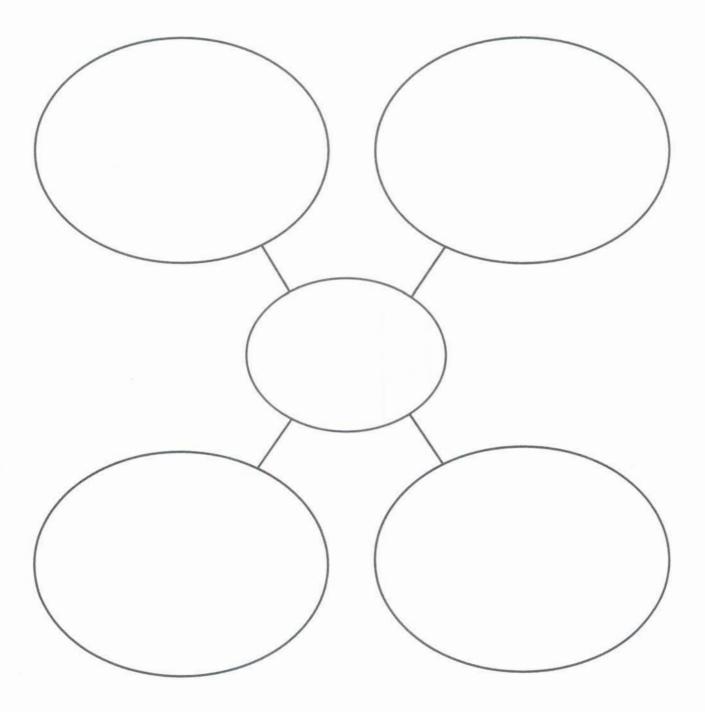
CHARACTER	PERSONALITY TRAITS	ACTIONS WHICH SUPPORT TRAIT	CONVERSATION BY OR ABOUT THE CHARACTER WHICH ILLUSTRATES TRAIT

Common Character Traits adventurous friendly proud fun-loving pretty awesome protective artistic gentle athletic generous quiet active rich grumpy beautiful happy respectful brave hideous sad bold humble sloppy bossy hostile serious caring successful honest charming intelligent shy independent cheerful short curious inventive smart a leader creative studious courageous lazy selfish messy simple considerate cunning mischievous tall timid daring mean a dreamer trustworthy neat thoughtful dangerous nervous exciting unselfish nasty entertaining nice warm energetic witty nosy ferocious wild open funny wise. persistent wonderful a fighter poor



Characterization

Directions: One way in which an author develops characters is through what is said about them. As you read, consider what is said about the main character. First, write his or her name in the center. Second, in one of the satellite bubbles write what that character says about himself or herself. Third, in the remaining bubbles, record what other characters say about the main character.



Character Analysis Pyramid

